

**PART - I**

**Q.2** Write short answers to any SIX (6) questions: 12

- i If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ , find AB.  
 ii Simplify:  $x^{5^2} \div (x^5)^2$

- iii Find the value of x and y if  $x + iy + 1 = 4 - 3i$   
 iv Find the value of x :  $\log_{64} 8 = \frac{x}{2}$   
 v Find the value of x if:  $\log x = 0.1821$   
 vi Simplify:  $\left(\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\left(\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

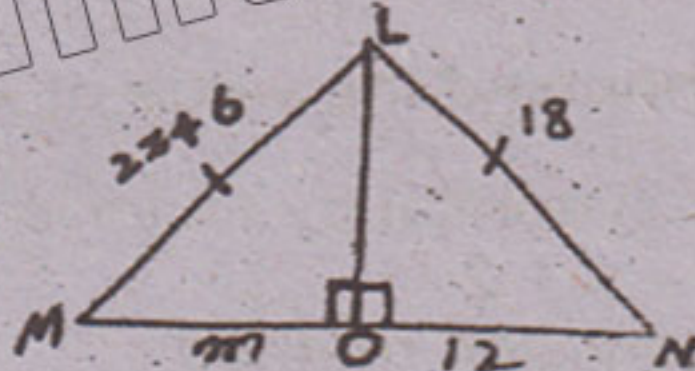
- vii If  $x = \sqrt{3} + 2$ , find  $x + \frac{1}{x}$   
 viii Factorize:  $4x^2 + 12x + 5$   
 ix Factorize:  $1 - 27y^3$

**Q.3** Write short answers to any SIX (6) questions: 12

- i Find the L.C.M. of the expressions by factorization  $x^2 - 25x + 100$  and  $x^2 - x - 20$   
 ii Solve the inequality:  $4 - \frac{1}{2}x \geq -7 + \frac{1}{4}x$   
 iii Solve the equation:  $\frac{x-3}{2} - \frac{x-2}{2} = -1$   
 iv Find the values of m and c of the line by expressing in the form  $y = mx + c$ ;  $2x - 3y = -5$   
 v Draw the graph of  $x = -3$   
 vi Find the distance between the points : A ( 6, -2), B (6, -3)  
 vii Find the mid-point of the line segment joining each pair of points : A (2, - 6), B (3, - 6)  
 viii Define congruent triangles.  
 ix Define parallelogram.

**Q.4** Write short answers to any SIX (6) questions: 12

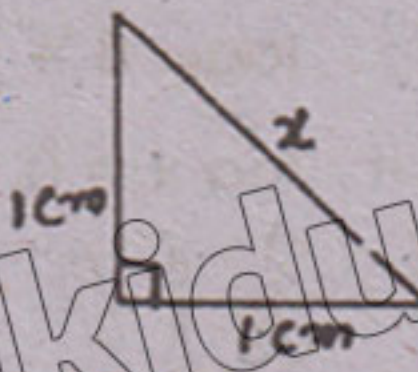
- i In the given congruent triangles LMO and LNO. Find the unknown value of 'x' and 'm'.



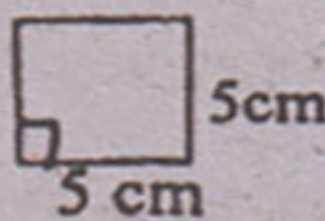
- ii If 3cm and 4cm are lengths of two sides of a right angled triangle, then what should be the third length of the triangle?  
 iii Define similar triangles.  
 iv Verify that the measures of sides are right angle or not :

$a = 1.5 \text{ cm}$ ,  $b = 2 \text{ cm}$ ,  $c = 2.5 \text{ cm}$

- v Find the unknown value of 'x' in the figure:



- vi Define interior of a triangle.  
 vii Find the area of figure :



- viii Define centroid.  
 ix Construct  $\Delta ABC$  in which :  $m \overline{AB} = 3\text{cm}$ ,  $m \overline{AC} = 3.2\text{cm}$ ,  $m \angle A = 45^\circ$

**PART - II**

**Note:** Attempt THREE questions in all. But question No.9 is Compulsory.

**Q.5(a)** Solve the system of linear equations by the Cramer's rule : 4

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 2y &= 8 \\ 5x + y &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

**(b)** Show that : 4

$$\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{a+b} \times \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{b+c} \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{c+a} = 1$$

**Q.6(a)** Use log table to find the value of:

$$\frac{(438)^3 \sqrt{0.056}}{(388)^4}$$

**(b)** If  $x + \frac{1}{x} = 3$ , then find the value of  $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$

**Q.7(a)** Factorize the polynomial by factor theorem :

$$x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2$$

**(b)** Find H.C.F. by division method :

$$x^4 + x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 3, 5x^3 + 3x^2 - 17x + 6$$

**Q.8(a)** Solve:  $-5 \leq \frac{4-3x}{2} < 1$  4

**(b)** Construct  $\Delta ABC$  and draw perpendicular bisectors of

the sides of triangle :

$$m \overline{AB} = 4\text{cm}, m \overline{BC} = 4.8\text{cm}, m \overline{AC} = 3.6\text{cm}$$

**Q.9** Prove that the bisectors of the angles of a triangle are concurrent.

OR

Prove that triangles on equal bases and of equal altitudes are equal in area.