

SECTION "A" (Multiple Choice Questions) (Marks 43)

Note: This section consists of 43 part questions and all are to be answered. Each question carries one mark.

Q.1 Choose the correct answer for each from the given options:

- (1) Relationship between two variables is called:
 - * Experiment
 - * Independent Variable
 - * Hypothesis
 - * Dependent Variable
 - (2) This method is explained by tables and graphs:
 - * Introspection
 - * Experiment
 - * External Observation
 - * Statistical
 - (3) Study of human mind and behavior is called:
 - * Science
 - * Psychology
 - * Experiment
 - * Hypothesis
 - (4) The first psychological laboratory in Germany was established in:
 - * 1873
 - * 1990
 - * 1879
 - * 1895
 - (5) Light is like an electromagnetic energy flowing in the form of:
 - * Rays
 - * Colours
 - * Waves
 - * Spectrum
 - (6) The eye is like:
 - * Mobile
 - * Light
 - * Camera
 - * Lens
 - (7) The minimum intensity of stimulus evoking sensation is called:
 - * Cone
 - * Threshold
 - * Rod
 - * Physiological zero
 - (8) The area of clear vision is called:
 - * retina
 - * blind spot
 - * yellow spot
 - * pupil
 - (9) The rate of progress in learning is called:
 - * Insight
 - * Place learning
 - * Learning curve
 - * Tool learning
 - (10) The theory of emotion is presented by:
 - * Thorneike
 - * Freud
 - * James Lange
 - * Woodworth
 - (11) This is called erroneous perception of stimulus:
 - * Emotion
 - * Illusion
 - * Conditioning
 - * Ability
 - (12) Successive colour contrast is also called:
 - * Simultaneous
 - * Colour blindness
 - * Negative after image
 - * Complementary colour
 - (13) Assimilation into society is called:
 - * Socialization
 - * Identification
 - * Antagonism
 - * Projection
 - (14) The experiment on classical conditioning is done by:
 - * Watson
 - * Skinner
 - * Wundt
 - * Pavlov
 - (15) The thematic apperception test is introduced by:
 - * Adler
 - * Kofka
 - * Murray
 - * John Devy
 - (16) Immediate family consists of:
 - * Society
 - * Uncles and Aunts
 - * Parents and Siblings
 - * Cousins
 - (17) Stimulus for visual sensation is called:
 - * Learning
 - * Eye
 - * Light
 - * Lens
 - (18) This is the visual area in brain:
 - * Frontal lobe
 - * Temporal lobe
 - * Occipital lobe
 - * Parietal
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- (19) Achromatic colours are:
 - * Black and Yellow
 - * Black and White
 - * White and Yellow
 - * Yellow and red
 - (20) Total colour blindness is called:
 - * Tritanopia
 - * Protanopia
 - * Detranopia
 - * Achromatic
 - (21) The relationship between two complementary colours is:
 - * Colour Image
 - * Colour Contrast
 - * Colour Blindness
 - * Colour Adaptation
 - (22) Herring theory explain that basic colours are:
 - * 2
 - * 3
 - * 4
 - * 5
 - (23) Projective Techniques are the method to assess:
 - * Vision
 - * Intelligence
 - * Personality
 - * Ability
 - (24) Theory of dream is presented by:
 - * Freud
 - * Titchner
 - * Wundt
 - * Weber
 - (25) He introduced intelligence test:
 - * Adler
 - * Jung
 - * Binet
 - * Thorndike
 - (26) The founder of Gestalt school is:
 - * Freud
 - * Watson
 - * Binet
 - * Max Wertheimer
 - (27) The concept of animal magnetism is presented by:
 - * Wundt
 - * Murrey
 - * Mesmer
 - * Skinner
 - (28) Hypnotism means:
 - * Sleep
 - * Dream
 - * Illusion
 - * Receptors
 - (29) Word Gestalt means:
 - * Vision
 - * Figure form
 - * Study
 - * Need
 - (30) Concepts of ill, Ego, Super Ego are given by:
 - * Kofka
 - * Pavlov
 - * Freud
 - * Adler
 - (31) The arrow headed line perceived shorter than feather headed line in:
 - * Muller Iyer Illusion
 - * Perception
 - * Need
 - * Hallucination
 - (32) The measurable modification of behavior through practice is called:
 - * Leaming
 - * Personality
 - * Maturation
 - * Habit
 - (33) $(MA / CA) \times 100$ is the formula of:
 - * Intelligence
 - * IQ
 - * Colour Vision
 - * Mean
 - (34) Concept of introvert and extrovert is given by:
 - * Jung
 - * Sheldon
 - * Springer
 - * Wundt
 - (35) SOR formula is given by:
 - * Wundt
 - * Watson
 - * Woodworth
 - * Jung
 - (36) The word personality is derived from:
 - * Persona
 - * Customs
 - * Perception
 - * Experiment
 - (37) Ink blot test is given by :
 - * Murrey
 - * Rorschach
 - * Freud
 - * Adler
 - (38) Stirred up state of feeling is:
 - * Sentiment
 - * Emotion
 - * Wish
 - * Need
 - (39) Potential ability is called:
 - * aptitude
 - * achievement
 - * capacity
 - * spatial
 - (40) Predictable ability is:
 - * ability
 - * achievement
 - * aptitude
 - * capacity
 - (41) The simplest stage of perception is:
 - * Pure
 - * Mixed
 - * Symbolic
 - * Illusion
 - (42) Method of trial and error is given by:
 - * Pavlov
 - * Thorndike
 - * Woodworth
 - * Jung
 - (43) Experiment on monkey is performed by:
 - * Kohler
 - * Kofka
 - * Herring
 - * Thorndike